## I MINA TRENTA NA LIHESLATURAN GUÅHAN 2009 (FIRST) Regular Session

Bill No. 6/ (cor)

Introduced by:

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AN ACT TO ADD A NEW ARTICLE 5 TO CHAPTER 6 OF 17GCA RELATIVE TO RECOMMENDATIONS ON MEDICATING STUDENTS.

## BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF GUAM:

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**Section 1.** A new Article 5 is added to Chapter 6 of 17GCA to read:

4 ARTICLE 5

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## **Common Sense in Medicating Students Act**

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§6500. Short Title This act shall be cited as The Common Sense in Medicating Students Act.

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§6501. Legislative Intent. I Liheslaturan Guåhan finds that more and more schools and school districts across the country are resorting to policies that allow non-medical school personnel to require or recommend that students receive controversial psychotropic medical treatment as a means to control children suspected of having behavior disorders. Such drugs include amphetamines such as Ritalin, antihypertensive drugs such as clonidine, tricyclic antidepressants, Selective Serotonin Uptake inhibitors such as Prozac, Paxil and Zoloft and

1 neuroleptics such as Haldol and Thorazine. More and more medical studies are

revealing that many of these substances have little or no affect in treating maladies

such as ADHD and may cause severe harm to a child.

In many school districts in the United States, teachers, administrators and counselors continue to resort to extraordinary means to require parents to force-medicate their children. Such means include, suspension or expulsion of the student or reporting the student's parents to municipal authorities on child abuse or neglect charges for refusing to subject their children to these medications. *I* 

Liheslatura further finds that decisions that involve the treatment of children

should be a personal one between parents, their children and their children's

12 physicians and not the school system.

It is the intent of *I Liheslatura* to prohibit any non-medical school personnel from recommending the use of psychotropic drugs for any child and protects parents or guardians who refuse to administer psychotropic drugs to their child from having said child taken into custody by the Child Protective Services Division unless such refusal causes the child to be neglected or abused as defined by Public Law.

§6502. Limitation on Certain Practices. The Guam Education Policy Board shall adopt and implement policies prohibiting any school personnel from recommending the use of psychotropic drugs for any child. The provisions of this section shall not prohibit school medical staff from recommending that a child be evaluated by an appropriate medical practitioner, or prohibit school personnel from consulting with such practitioner with the consent of the parents or guardian of such child.

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2 §6503. Parental and Guardian Protection The refusal of a parent or guardian 3 having control of a child to administer or consent to the administration of any 4 psychotropic drug to such child shall not, in and of itself, constitute grounds for the Child Protective Services Division of the Department of Public Health and 5 Social Services to take such child into custody or for any court of competent 6 jurisdiction to order that such child be taken into custody by the department, 7 8 unless such refusal causes such child to be neglected or abused, as defined in 9 19GCA: Chapter 13.